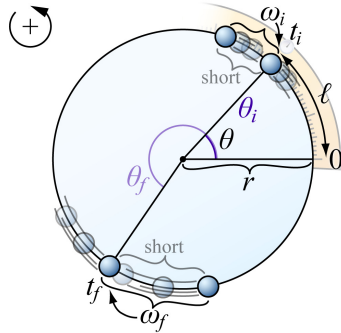


Rotational kinematics and dynamics (algebra-based physics)

Kinematics



Definitions

Angular

$$\theta := \frac{\ell}{r}$$

$$\omega_{\text{AVG}} := \frac{\Delta\theta}{\Delta t}$$

$$\alpha_{\text{AVG}} := \frac{\Delta\omega}{\Delta t}$$

Tangential

$$\Delta\ell = r\Delta\theta$$

$$v_{\text{TAN}} = r\omega$$

$$a_{\text{TAN}} = r\alpha$$

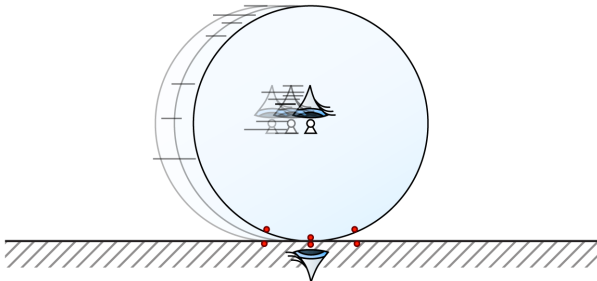
Relationships

If no slip

$$\Delta x_{\text{A.O.R.}} = \Delta\ell$$

$$v_{\text{A.O.R.}} = v_{\text{TAN}}$$

$$a_{\text{A.O.R.}} = a_{\text{TAN}}$$



Relationships for UαM

$$\theta_i + \omega_{\text{AVG}} \Delta t = \theta_f \quad \alpha$$

$$\omega_i + \alpha_{\text{AVG}} \Delta t = \omega_f \quad \theta$$

$$\omega_{\text{AVG}} = \frac{\omega_i + \omega_f}{2} \quad t, \theta, \alpha$$

$$\theta_i + \omega_i \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} \alpha \Delta t^2 = \theta_f \quad t$$

$$\omega_i^2 + 2\alpha\Delta\theta = \omega_f^2 \quad t$$

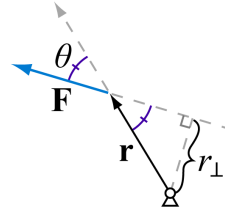
Dynamics

Torque

$$\tau_F := r_{\perp} F$$

$$:= (r \sin \theta) F$$

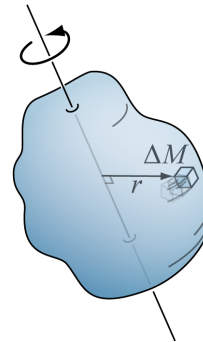
$$\alpha = \frac{\sum \tau}{I}$$



Rotational inertia

$$I_{\text{RIGID SET OF PARTICLES}} := \sum_i \Delta M_i r_i^2$$

$$I_{\text{RIGID}} = I_1 + I_2 + I_3 + \dots$$



Summing torques

1. Draw spatially-extended **free-body diagram** with the **tail** of each force vector anchored at its **point of application**.
2. Draw +x and +y directions.
3. Draw **axis of rotation** and positive **sense of rotation**.
4. Fill in $\sum \tau = I\alpha$, determining the **sign** of each τ by considering whether each force, in isolation, would spin up the object in the ccw or cw direction.

Conservation laws

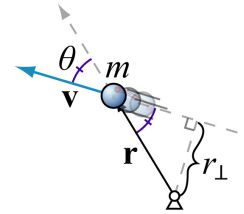
Angular momentum

$$L_{\text{PARTICLES}} := \sum_i \pm_i m_i v_i r_{\perp,i}$$

$$L_{\text{PARTICLE}} = (r \sin \theta) p$$

$$L_{\text{RIGID}} = I_{\text{ABOUT FIXED SKEWER}} \omega$$

$$L_{\text{RIGID}} = L_{\text{C.O.M. ABOUT A.O.R.}} + L_{\text{SPIN ABOUT C.O.M.}}$$



$$\Delta L = (\sum \tau_{\text{AVG}}) \Delta t$$

Angular momentum is conserved when the net torque is zero

$$\sum L_i + \left(\sum_{\text{EXT ON SYS}} \tau_{\text{AVG}} \right) \Delta t = \sum L_f$$

Summing angular momenta

1. Illustrate **before** and **after** situations.
2. Draw **axis of rotation**.
3. Draw positive **sense of rotation**.
4. For each object, determine **sign** of L by determining whether rotation is ccw or cw.

Energy

$$KE_{\text{PARTICLES}} := \sum_i \frac{1}{2} \Delta M_i v_i^2$$

$$KE_{\text{RIGID}} = \frac{1}{2} I_{\text{ABOUT FIXED SKEWER}} \omega^2$$

$$KE_{\text{RIGID}} = \frac{1}{2} M v_{\text{C.O.M.}}^2 + \frac{1}{2} I_{\text{ABOUT C.O.M.}} \omega^2$$